A Daily Report on Agriculture Commodities 19 Nov 2024



MARKET NEWS/UPDATES

- The government is considering lifting the suspension on futures trading of oil, oilseeds, and pulses, according to two senior government officials. "Representatives from the National Commodity & Derivatives Exchange have visited the government several times and made their representations. Current discussions are pointing towards the lifting of futures trade suspension from oilseed derivatives and pulses. However, any lifting of the suspension of paddy and wheat futures seems unlikely," the first official said. In 2021, the government imposed a ban on derivative trading in seven commodities--non-basmati paddy, wheat, chana, mustard seed and its derivatives, soybean and its derivatives, crude palm oil, and moong-for a year to check rising inflation. The ban was extended consecutively each year till December 2024. According to the second official, "There has been a considerable lobby from the NCDEX over the lifting. We also understand that the exchange is on the brink of shutting down if we do not allow futures to begin. However, the government will only take a decision basis where we stand in terms of market maturity and volatility. On that front, government is thinking of lifting the ban on oil, oilseeds, and pulses futures as it seems to be the right time." "We have already imposed import duties on oil. We think it is the right time for Indian market to grow," the official said, adding that while discussions are being held, a final decision will only be taken by the Inter-ministerial committee, headed by Home Minister Amit Shah. The government has recently permitted trading of yellow pea futures contracts on NCDEX, effective Oct 16. Moreover, a significant NCDEX lobby is pushing hard for the trade to be resumed. The NCDEX, after meeting with the government, will also send their representations to SEBI next week and press them to revoke the suspension of futures trade in the seven farm commodities, a top official of the bourse said. Exchange officials also seem optimistic of the government allowing futures trade in oilseeds and its derivatives, as India mostly imports to meet its cooking oil requirements. Last November, the government allowed the NCDEX to launch futures of crude sunflower oil. However, it did not remove the ban on mustard seed and its derivatives and soybean seed and its derivatives. The ban also continues on crude palm oil futures. Major oilseed producers like the Solvent Extractors' Association and Mustard Oil Producers Association of India have too been actively demanding the relaunch of futures trading. Against the overall demand of 25 mln tn of edible oil, India imports around 15 mln tn of edible oil from Indonesia, Malaysia, and Brazil where derivative trading is active. Soybean and palm oil prices on the Chicago Board of Trade and Bursa Malaysia Derivatives are considered benchmarks, respectively. Recent studies by the Birla Institute of Management Technology and Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay have concluded that futures trading will help discover prices domestically, reducing reliance on international price signals. The study highlighted the need for careful analysis of international price movements and trade patterns, as the ban on these commodities has hurt farmers, farmer-producing organisations, and other value chain participants.
- India's oilmeal exports in October rose 5% on year to 305,793 tonnes, according to data released by The Solvent Extractors' Association of India. However, total oilmeal exports during the first seven months of 2024-25 (Apr-Mar) were down 7% at 2.4 million tonnes, the data showed. This was mainly due to a drop in the export of rapeseed meal and castor seed meal, the association said. In October, exports of mustard meal fell to 160,653 tonnes from 169,422 tonnes a year ago. Similarly, during Apr-Oct, exports of rapeseed fell to 1.18 million tonnes from 1.51 million tonnes in the year-ago period. Bangladesh, South Korea, and Thailand are the major importers of rapeseed meal. Exports of castor seed meal fell to 27,960 tonnes in October from 31,469 tonnes a year ago, the association said. For Apr-Oct, exports of castor meal were down at 166,520 tonnes compared to 213,465 tonnes a year ago. Exports of soymeal in October surged to 114,384 tonnes from 87,060 tonnes a year ago. Similarly, soymeal exports in Apr-Oct rose to 1.02 million tonnes from 673,910 tonnes a year ago. This was due to higher imports of soybean meal by Iran, France, and the UAE, the association said. In Apr-Oct, 783,035 tonnes of oilmeal was exported from the Kandla port, against 608,159 tonnes a year ago, and a total of 581,288 tonnes were exported from the Mundra port, compared with 951,343 tonnes a year ago, the SEA said. During the same period, exports from Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust in Mumbai rose to 384,001 tonnes from 192,748 tonnes a year ago, the association said. From the Kolkata port, the export of oilmeal was just 11,494 tonnes in Apr-Oct compared with 110,223 tonnes a year ago, as export of rice bran meal was banned. Oilmeal exports from other ports during the same period were 613,490 tonnes compared to 583,471 tonnes in the corresponding period last year, the SEA said. During Apr-Oct, India's oilmeal exports to Bangladesh fell 15.5% on year to 428,241 tonnes. Similarly, exports to Vietnam fell 51% to 153,377 tonnes, the data showed. Oilmeal exports to South Korea were at 433,060 tonnes, lower than 522,872 tonnes a year ago, the data showed. "Iran has turned out to be the largest importer of soybean meal from India (including shipment via Dubai) and imported 114,475 tonnes of soybean meal," the SEA said. In the case of rice bran meal, India exported 63 tonnes in October, compared to no exports last year.
- Farmers in Rajasthan have sown rabi crops over 5.9 million hectares as of Thursday, up 7.1% on year, according to a report released by the state's agriculture department. Chana acreage in the state rose slightly by 1.4% on year to 1.3 million hectares, the report showed. The total area under pulses was 1.4 million hectares, up from 1.3 million hectares a year ago. Chana is the largest variety of rabi pulses in the state. Rabi crops are sown during Oct-Nov after the monsoon rains are over, and the crops are harvested between April and June. Barley, wheat, gram or desi chana, and oil seeds such as rapeseed and mustard, are the key crops grown in the state during the rabi season. Rajasthan's target for rabi sowing this season is 12.0 million hectares. The area under rapeseed and mustard as of Thursday was 2.9 million hectares, down from 3 million hectares a year ago. Wheat acreage in the state so far rose to 705,602 hectares from 341,482 hectares a year ago, the report said. The area under barley rose to 137,461 hectares from 92,949 hectares a year ago.





TECHNICAL LEVELS												
Commodity	Exchange	Open*	High*	Low*	LTP*	S3	S2	S1	Pivot	R1	R2	R3
JEERAUNJHA DEC4	NCDEX	25060	25180	24745	25180	24455	24600	24890	25035	25325	25470	25760
TMCFGRNZM DEC4	NCDEX	13600	14078	13558	14078	13211	13385	13731	13905	14251	14425	14771
DHANIYA DEC4	NCDEX	7460	7814	7442	7766	7162	7302	7534	7674	7906	8046	8278
CASTORSEED DEC4	NCDEX	6685	6707	6652	6654	6580	6652	6635	6671	6690	6726	6745
GUARSEED10 DEC4	NCDEX	5221	5275	5185	5231	5096	5140	5186	5230	5276	5320	5366
GUARGUM5 DEC4	NCDEX	10415	10700	10330	10466	9927	10129	10297	10499	10667	10869	11037
MENTHAOIL NOV4	МСХ	938.0	938.0	921.6	928.9	905	913	921	930	937	946	954
COCUDAKL DEC4	NCDEX	2915	2915	2750	2750	2530	2640	2695	2805	2860	2970	3025
KAPAS APR5	NCDEX	1551.0	1551.0	1521.5	1528.0	1487	1504	1516	1534	1546	1563	1575
COTTONCNDY NOV4	MCX	54500	54500	54010	54400	53617	53813	54107	54303	54597	54793	55087
SUNOIL NOV4	NCDEX	1326	1326	1325	1325	1324	1325	1325	1325	1325	1326	1326

Pivot Point: A predictive indicator of the market which is calculated as an average of significant prices from the performance of a market in the prior trading period. An open above the pivot point is generally considered bullish and vice versa.
S1, S2 & S3 are supports and R1, R2, and R3 are resistances from where a turnaround can be anticipated.
*Open, High, Low and Close prices of previous trading day / ^Cottonseed Oil Cake

TRADING SIGNALS									
Commodition	Exchange	Intraday Medium term			RSI		Volatility		
Commodities		View	13 day EMA	22 day EMA	Condition	Trending	1 day	Annualised	
JEERAUNJHA DEC4	NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Weak	1.20%	19.0%	
TMCFGRNZM DEC4	NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Overbought	Strong	2.24%	35.6%	
DHANIYA DEC4	NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.32%	21.0%	
GUARSEED10 DEC4	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.85%	13.5%	
GUARGUM5 DEC4	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.04%	16.5%	
CASTORSEED DEC4	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.55%	8.8%	
KAPAS APR5	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.84%	13.3%	
COTTONCNDY NOV4	мсх	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Oversold	Strong	0.55%	8.7%	
COCUDAKL DEC4	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.54%	24.5%	
MENTHAOIL NOV4	мсх	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.75%	12.0%	
SUNOIL NOV4	мсх	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.44%	22.9%	

Trading signals is prepared based on statistical analysis and is purely on technical indicators like exponential moving averages (EMAs), Relative strength Index (RSI) and stochastic, putting altogether provides an idea about intraday, short, medium and long term trend of the commodities. It also signals the risk of an investment in both agricultural and global commodities as well. Based on all listed indicators above, investors were able to fix a daily, near term and long term trends. However, must be cautious especially for real-time intraday traders/jobbers.

Trading Strategy based on EMA

Trading strategies mentioned in the report is mainly based on 3, 5, 13, 22, 45 & 60 days exponential Moving Averages. 3 and 5 day EMA has taken for developing Intraday trading strategy, 13 days and 22 days EMA for Short term and Medium term, while 45,60 days EMA for Long term. Here, we use EMAs for POSITIVE and NEGATIVE signals. POSITIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from below a longer-term average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bullish. Likewise, NEGATIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from above a longer-term moving average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bearish.

Annualised Volatility >		Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings
	> 35%	Very High risk	27 to 34%	High risk	20 to 26%	Moderate risk	11 to 19%	Low risk	1 to 10%	Very Low risk

Source: Informist (Cogencis), Reuters, e-News, NCDEX, MCX, and other International exchanges,

GEOJIT



Strong bias or bullish



Mild bullish bias



Mild bearish bias

Choppy with negative note

A Daily Report on Agriculture Commodities

Weak bias or bearish





Choppy with positive note



GENERAL DISCLOSURES & DISCLAIMERS:

GENERAL DISCLOSURES & DISCLAIMERS:

CERTIFICATION

I, Anu V Pai, an employee of Geojit Financial Services Limited, a public listed Company with Corporate Identification Number (CIN) : L67120KL1994PLC008403 and SEBI Registration Number - Research Entity: INH200000345, having its registered office at 11th Floor, 34/659 - P, Civil Line Road, Padivattom, Kochi - 682024, Kerala, India (hereinafter referred to as "GFSL") and author of this report, hereby certify that all the views expressed in this research report (report) reflect my personal views about any or all of the subject issuer or securities/ commodities. COMPANY OVERVIEW

Geojit Financial Services Limited, a public listed company, with Corporate Identification Number (CIN): L67120KL1994PLC008403 and SEBI Registration Number - Research Entity: INH200000345, having its registered office at 11th Floor, 34/659 - P, Civil Line Road, Padivattom, Kochi, Kerala, India, 682024 is engaged in the services of retail broking, depository services, portfolio management and marketing investment products including mutual funds, insurance, etc. Geojit Financial Services Limited as a SEBI registered Research Entity, prepares and shares research data and reports periodically with clients, investors, stake holders and public in compliance with Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Research Analysts) Regulations, 2014 and/or any other applicable directives, instructions or guidelines issued by the Regulators from time to time. DISCLAIMER

This report has been prepared by GFSL and the report & its contents are the exclusive property of GFSL and the recipient cannot tamper with the report or its contents in any manner and the said report, shall in no case, be further distributed to any third party for commercial use, with or without consideration.

GFSL has taken steps to ensure that facts in this report are based on reliable information but cannot testify, nor make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the accuracy, contents or data contained within this report. It is hereby confirmed that wherever GFSL has employed a rating system in this report, the rating system has been clearly defined including the time horizon and benchmarks on which the rating is based.

Descriptions of any Commodity or Commodities mentioned herein are not intended to be complete and this report is not and should not be construed as an offer or solicitation of an offer, to buy or sell any commodity or other financial instruments. GFSL has not taken any steps to ensure that the commodity/(ies) referred to in this report are suitable for any particular investor. This Report is not to be relied upon in substitution for the exercise of independent judgment. Opinions or estimates expressed are current opinions as of the original publication date appearing in this Report and the information, including the opinions and estimates contained herein, are subject to change without notice. GFSL is under no duty to update this report from time to time.

Registration granted by SEBI, membership of BASL (in case of IAs) and certification from NISM in no way guarantee performance of the intermediary or provide any assurance of returns to investors.

RISK DISCLOSURE

Geojit Financial Services Limited and/or its Affiliates and its officers, directors and employees including the analyst/ authors shall not be in any way be responsible for any loss or damage that may arise to any person from any inadvertent error in the information contained in this report. Investors may lose his/her entire investment under certain market conditions so before acting on any advice or recommendation in these material, investors should consider whether it is suitable for their particular circumstances and, if necessary, seek professional advice. This report does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation/circumstances and the particular needs of any specific person who may receive this document. The user assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. Each recipient of this report should make such investigation as it deems necessary to arrive at an independent evaluation of an investment in the Commodity/(ies) referred to in this report (including the merits and risks involved). The price, volume and income of the investments referred to in this report may fluctuate and investors may realize losses that may exceed their original capital.

The investments or services contained or referred to in this report may not be suitable for all equally and it is recommended that an independent investment advisor be consulted. In addition, nothing in this report constitutes investment, legal, accounting or tax advice or a representation that any investment or strategy is suitable or appropriate to individual circumstances or otherwise constitutes a personal recommendation of GFSL.



REGULATORY DISCLOSURES:

Geojit Financial Services Limited's subsidiaries consists of companies such as Geojit Technologies Private Limited (GTPL- Software Solutions provider), Geojit Credits Private Limited (GCPL- NBFC Services provider), Geojit Techloan Private Limited, Geojit IFSC Limited, Geojit Investments Limited and Qurum Business Group Geojit Securities LLC. The Associate Companies of Geojit Financial Services Limited include Barjeel Geojit Financial Services LLC, Aloula Geojit Capital Company and BBK Geojit Business Consultancy and Information KSC (C). In the context of the SEBI Regulations on Research Analysts (2014), Geojit Financial Services Limited affirms that we are a SEBI registered Research Entity and we issue research reports /research analysis etc that are prepared by our Research Analysts. We also affirm and undertake that no disciplinary action has been taken against us or our Analysts in connection with our business activities.

In compliance with the above mentioned SEBI Regulations, the following additional disclosures are also provided which may be considered by the reader before making an investment decision:

1. Disclosures regarding Ownership:

GFSL confirms that:

It/its associates have no financial interest or any other material conflict in relation to the subject Commodity futures covered herein.

Further, the Research Analyst confirms that:

He, his associates and his relatives have no financial interest in the subject Commodity futures covered herein, and they have no other material conflict in the subject Commodity at the time of publication of this report.

2. Disclosures regarding Compensation:

During the past 12 months, GFSL or its Associates have not received any compensation or other benefits from any entity/ third party in connection with the Commodity futures mentioned in this report.

3. Disclosure regarding the Research Analyst's connection with the Commodity futures:

It is affirmed that I, Anu V Pai, employed as Research Analyst by GFSL and engaged in the preparation of this report have no substantial ownership or financial interest over any Commodity futures mentioned in the report.

4. Disclosure regarding Market Making activity:

Neither GFSL nor its Research Analysts have engaged in market making activities for the subject Commodity futures. Copyright in this report vests exclusively with GFSL

In case you have any grievance, please contact the below mentioned: Compliance Officer

Ms. Indu K. Geojit Financial Services Limited, 34/659 P, Civil Lane Road, Padivattom, Kochi - 682 024 Tele: 0484 2901367 Fax: 0484 2979695 Email: <u>indu_k@geojit.com</u>

Grievance Officer Mr Nitin K . Geojit Financial Services Limited, 34/659 P, Civil Lane Road, Padivattom, Kochi - 682024 Tele: 0484-2901363 Email : grievances@geojit.com

STANDARD WARNING

Investment in securities market are subject to market risks. Read all the related documents carefully before investing.



